1. Below is a list associated with the Furniture City ERD included with this assignment. Each point represents a business rule of the Furniture City Company. For each of the 10 points on the list, identify the subset of the Furniture City ERD that is described by that point. You need only list any entities and relationships described by that point.

   a. The company sells a number of different furniture products. These products are grouped into several product lines. The identifier for a product is Product ID, whereas the identifier for a product line is Product Line ID. We identify the following additional attributes for product: Product Description, Product Finish and Product Standard Price. Another attribute for product line is Product Line Name. A product line may group any number of products but must group at least one product. Each product must belong to exactly one product line.

   b. Customers submit orders for products. The identifier for an order is Order ID, and another attribute is Order Date. A customer may submit any number of orders, but need not submit any orders. Each order is submitted by exactly one customer. The identifier for a customer is Customer ID. Other attributes include Customer Name, Customer Address, and Customer Postal Code.

   c. A given customer order must request at least one product and only one product per order line item. Any product sold by Furniture City may not appear on any order line item or may appear on one or more order line items. An attribute associated with each order line item is Ordered Quantity.

   d. Furniture City has established sales territories for its customers. Each customer may do business in any number of these sales territories or may not do business in any territory. A sales territory has one to many customers. The identifier for a sales territory is Territory ID and an attribute is Territory Name.

   e. Furniture City Company has several salespersons. The identifier for a salesperson is Salesperson ID. Other attributes include Salesperson Name, Salesperson Telephone, and Salesperson Fax. A salesperson serves exactly one sales territory. Each sales territory is served by one or more salespersons.

   f. Each product is assembled from a specified quantity of one or more raw materials. The identifier for the raw material entity is Material ID. Other attributes include Unit of measure, Material Name, and Material standard Cost. Each raw material is assembled into one or more products, using a specified quantity of the raw material for each product.

   g. Raw materials are supplied by vendors. The identifier for a vendor is Vendor ID. Other attributes include Vendor Name and Vendor Address. Each raw material can be supplied by one or more vendors. A vendor may supply any number of raw materials or may not supply any raw materials to Furniture City. Supply Unit Price is the unit price a particular vendor supplier a particular raw material.

   h. Furniture City has established a number of work centers. The identifier for a work center is Work Center ID. Another attribute is Work Center Location. Each product is produced in one or more work centers. A work center may be used to produce any number of products or may not be used to produce any products.

   i. The company has more than 100 employees. The identifier for employee is Employee ID. Other attributes include Employee Name, Employee Address, and Skill. An employee may have more than one skills. Each employee may work in one or more work centers. A work center
must have at least one employee working in that center, but may have any number of
employees. A skill may be possessed by more than one employee or possibly no employees.

j. Each employee has exactly one supervisor; however, a manager has no supervisor. An
employee who is a supervisor may supervise any number of employees, but not all employees
are supervisors.

2. The Student-Club-School figure included with this homework assignment represents a situation of
students who attend and work in schools and who also belong to certain clubs that are located in
different schools. Study this diagram carefully to try to discern what business rules are represented.

a. You will notice that cardinalities are not included on the Works For relationship. State a
business rule for this relationship and then represent this rule with the cardinalities that match
your rule. State the cardinality similarly to: “For every one student, there can be many courses;
for every one course, there can be many students. Therefore, it is a m:n relationship.” That is
just an example.

b. State a business rule that would make the Located In relationship redundant (i.e., where the
school in which a club is located can be surmised or derived in some way from other
relationships).

c. Suppose a student could work only for a school that student attends but the student might not
work at all. Would the Works For relationship still be necessary, or could you represent
whether a student works for the school she attends in some other way (if so, how)?

Draw ER Diagrams for each of the following situations. If you believe that you need to make additional
assumptions, clearly state them for each situation.

3. A company has a number of employees. The attributes of EMPLOYEE include Employee ID (identifier),
Name, Address, and Birthdate. The company also has several projects. Attributes of PROJECT include
Project ID (identifier), Project Name, and Start Date. Each employee may be assigned to one or more
projects, or may not be assigned to a project. A project must have at least one employee assigned and
may have any number of employees assigned. An employee's billing rate may vary by project, and the
company wishes to record the applicable billing rate (Billing Rate) for each employee when assigned to
a particular project. If you have any associative entities on your ERD, be sure to explicitly show the
primary key for? If so, what are the identifiers for those associative entities? Does your ERD allow a
project to be created before it has any employees assigned to it? Explain. How would you change your
ERD if the Billing Rate could change in the middle of a project?

4. A laboratory has several chemists who work on one or more projects. Chemists also may use certain
kinds of equipment on each project. Attributes of CHEMIST include Employee ID (identifier), Name,
and Phone No. Attributes of PROJECT include Project ID (identifier) and Start Date. Attributes of
EQUIPMENT include Serial No and Cost. The organization wishes to record Assign Date—
that is, the
date when a given equipment item was assigned to a particular chemist working on a specified
project. A chemist must be assigned to at least one project and one equipment item. A given
equipment item need not be assigned, and a given project need not be assigned either a chemist or an
equipment item. Provide good definitions for all of the relationships in this situation.

5. A college course may have one or more scheduled sections, or may not have a scheduled section.
Attributes of COURSE include Course ID, Course Name, and Units. Attributes of SECTION include
Section Number and Semester ID. Semester ID is composed of two parts: Semester and Year. Section
Number is an integer (such as 1 or 2) that distinguishes one section from another for the same course
but does not uniquely identify a section.
6. A hospital has a large number of registered physicians. Attributes of PHYSICIAN include Physician ID (the identifier) and Specialty. Patients are admitted to the hospital by physicians. Attributes of PATIENT include Patient ID (the identifier) and Patient Name. Any patient who is admitted must have exactly one admitting physician. A physician may optionally admit any number of patients. Once admitted, a given patient must be treated by at least one physician. A particular physician may treat any number of patients, or may not treat any patients. Whenever a patient is treated by a physician, the hospital wishes to record the details of the treatment (Treatment Detail). Components of Treatment Detail include Date, Time, and Results. Did you draw more than one relationship between physician and patient? Why or why not? Did you include hospital as an entity type? Why or why not? Does your ERD allow for the same patient to be admitted by different physicians over time? How would you include on the ERD the need to represent the date on which a patient is admitted for each time they are admitted?

7. The loan office in a bank receives from various parties requests to investigate the credit status of a customer. Each credit request is identified by a Request ID and is described by a Request Date and Requesting Party Name. The loan office also received results of credit checks. A credit check is identified by a Credit Check ID and is described by the Credit Check Date and the Credit Rating. The loan office matches credit requests with credit check results. A credit request may be recorded before its result arrives; a particular credit result may be used in support of several credit requests.

8. Companies, identified by Company ID and described by Company Name and Industry Type, hire consultants, identified by Consultant ID and described by Consultant Name, Consultant Specialty, which is multivalued. Each consultant charges an Hourly Rate for his or her services, regardless of the company for which he or she consults. Now, consider that each time a consultant works for a company, a contract is written describing the terms for this consulting engagement. Over time, a consultant can work for many companies, and the consulting firm would like to keep a complete history of all consulting engagements for each consultant and company.

9. An art museum owns a large volume of works of art. Each work of art is described by an item code (identifier), title, type, and size; size is further composed of height, width, and weight. A work of art is developed by an artist, but the artist for some works is unknown. An artist is described by an artist ID (identifier), name, date of birth, and date of death (which is null for still living artists). Only data about artists for works currently owned by the museum are kept in the database. At any point in time, a work of art is either on display at the museum, held in storage, away from the museum as part of a traveling show, or on loan to another gallery. If on display at the museum, a work of art is also described by its location within the museum. A traveling show is described by a show ID (identifier), the city in which the show is currently appearing, and the start and end dates of the show. Many of the museum works may be part of a given show, and only active shows with at least one museum work of art need be represented in the database. Finally, another gallery is described by a gallery ID (identifier), name, and city. The museum wants to retain a complete history of loaning a work of art to other galleries, and each time a work is loaned, the museum wants to know the date the work was loaned and the date it was returned.

10. Each case handled by the law firm of Dewey, Cheetim, and Howe has a unique case number; a date opened, date closed, and judgment description are also kept on each case. A case is brought by one or more plaintiffs, and the same plaintiff may be involved in many cases. A plaintiff has a requested judgment characteristic. A case is against one or more defendants, and the same defendant may be involved in many cases. A plaintiff or defendant may be a person or an organization. Over time, the same person or organization may be a defendant or a plaintiff in cases. In either situation, such legal entities are identified by an entity number, and other attributes are name and net worth.

11. Prepare an ER Diagram for a real estate firm that lists property for sale. Also prepare a definition for each entity type, attribute, and relationship on your diagram. In addition, draw a data model for this situation using the tool you have been told to use in your course. The following describes this organization:
• The firm has a number of sales offices in several states. Attributes of sales office include Office Number (identifier) and Location.
• Each sales office is assigned one or more employees. Attributes of employee include Employee ID (identifier) and Employee Name. An employee must be assigned to only one sales office.
• For each sales office, there is always one employee assigned to manage that office. An employee may manage only the sales office to which he or she is assigned.
• The firm lists property for sale. Attributes of property include Property ID (identifier) and Location. Components of Location include Address, City, State, and Zip Code.
• Each unit of property must be listed with one (and only one) of the sales offices. A sales office may have any number of properties listed or may have no properties listed.
• Each unit of property has one or more owners. Attributes of owners are Owner ID (identifier) and Owner Name. An owner may own one or more units of property. An attribute of the relationship between property and owner is Percent Owned.

12. Projects, Inc., is an engineering firm with approximately 500 employees. A database is required to keep track of all employees, their skills, projects assigned, and departments worked in. Every employee has a unique number assigned by the firm and is required to store his or her name and date of birth. If an employee is currently married to another employee of Projects, Inc., the date of marriage and who is married to whom must be stored; however, no record of marriage is required if an employee's spouse is not also an employee. Each employee is given a job title (e.g., engineer, secretary, and so on). An employee does only one type of job at any given time, and we only need to retain information for an employee's current job.

There are 11 different departments, each with a unique name. An employee can report to only 1 department. Each department has a phone number. To procure various kinds of equipment, each department deals with many vendors. A vendor typically supplies equipment to many departments. We are required to store the name and address of each vendor and the date of the last meeting between a department and a vendor.

Many employees can work on a project. An employee can work on many projects (e.g., Southwest Refinery, California Petrochemical, and so on) but can only be assigned to at most one project in a given city. For each city, we are interested in its state and population. An employee can have many skills (preparing material requisitions, checking drawings, and so on), but she or he may use only a given set of skills on a particular project. (For example, an employee MURPHY may prepare requisitions for the Southwest Refinery project and prepare requisitions as well as check drawings for California Petrochemicals.) Employees use each skill that they possess in at least one project. Each skill is assigned a number, and we must store a short description of each skill. Projects are distinguished by project numbers, and we must store the estimated cost of each project.
Homework #1, Problem #1: Furniture City

PROBLEM LINE
PK Product Line ID
Product Line Name

PRODUCT
PK Product ID
Product Description
Product Finish
Product Standard Price

CUSTOMER
PK Customer ID
Customer Name
Customer Address
Customer Postal Code

ORDER
PK Order ID
Order Date

ORDER LINE
Ordered Quantity

VENDOR
PK Vendor ID
Vendor Name
Vendor Address

USES
Goes Into Quantity

SALESPERSON
PK Salesperson ID
Salesperson Name
Salesperson Telephone
Salesperson Fax

TERRITORY
PK Territory ID
Territory Name

DOES BUSINESS IN

PRODUCT
PK Product ID
Product Description
Product Finish
Product Standard Price

RAW MATERIAL
PK Material ID
Material Name
Material Standard Cost
Unit Of Measure

PRODUCED IN
PK Work Center ID
Work Center Location

WORK CENTER
PK Work Center ID
Work Center Location

EMPLOYEE
PK Employee ID
Employee Name
Employee Address

HAS SKILL
Skill

SKILL
PK Skill

IS SUPERVISED BY

SUPERVISES

SUFFLES
Supply Unit Price

IS SUPERVISED BY

EMPLOYEE
PK Employee ID
Employee Name
Employee Address

HAD SKILL
Skill

SCHOOL

LOCATED IN

CLUB

BELONGS TO

STUDENT

ATTENDS

WORKS FOR

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Problem #2: Student School Club

STUDENT
Attends

Works For

STUDENT

Belongs To

CLUB

Located In

SCHOOL

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